5

10

15

20

25

What is claimed is:

- 1. An electrode comprising: an electrically conductive matrix containing a disulfide group, wherein an S-S bond of the disulfide group is cleaved by electrochemical reduction and reformed by electrochemical oxidation; and a plurality of carbon nanotubes being substantially disentangled and dispersed in the electrically conductive matrix.
 - 2. An electrode of claim 1 wherein the electrode is substantially free of an aggregate of the carbon nanotubes.
 - An electrode of claim 1 wherein the carbon nanotubes have an average diameter of 3.5 to 200 nanometers and an average length of 0.1 to 500 micrometers.
 - 4. An electrode of claim 1 wherein the carbon nanotubes have an average diameter of 5 to 30 nanometers and an average length of 100 to 10000 times the diameter thereof.
 - An electrode of claim 1 wherein the electrode contains 0.5 to 6 percent by weight of the carbon nanotubes based on a sum of the electrically conductive matrix and the carbon nanotubes.
 - 6. An electrode of claim 1 wherein the electrode contains 1 to 4 percent by weight of the carbon nanotubes based on a sum of the electrically conductive matrix and the carbon nanotubes.
- 30 7. An electrode of claim 1 wherein the electrode has a sheet configuration.

- 8. An electrode of claim 1 wherein the electrically conductive matrix contains an electrically conductive polymer and an organic compound having the disulfide group.
- 9. An electrode of claim 8 wherein the electrically conductive polymer comprises a polymer represented by a formula:

-[Ar-NH]_n-

wherein Ar is aryl, and n is an integer.

10

5

10. An electrode of claim 8 wherein the organic compound contains a 5 to 7 membered, heterocyclic ring containing 1 to 3 heteroatoms consisting of a nitrogen atom and a sulfur atom.

15

11. An electrode of claim 1 wherein the electrically conductive matrix contains an electrically conductive polymer having the mercapto group which is capable of forming disulfide group.

20

12. A method for producing disentangled carbon nanotubes, said method comprising the steps of: adding a plurality of aggregates of carbon nanotubes to a liquid; and providing sheer force onto the liquid for disentangling the aggregates of carbon nanotubes therein.

25

- 13. A method of claim 12 wherein the providing step comprises passing the liquid through a narrow gap at a high speed.
- 14. A method of claim 13 wherein the providing step comprises adding the liquid into a homogenizer.

30

15. A method of claim 14 wherein the homogenizer comprises:a stator;a rotor wherein the stator and the rotor define a narrow gap therebetween; and

5

10

15

25

30

25

at least one blade being fixed to one of the stator and the rotor and being disposed in the narrow gap.

- 16. A method of claim 12 wherein the liquid comprises at least one of an organic solvent and water.
- 17. A lithium battery, comprising:
 - (a) a cathode having:

 an electrically conductive matrix containing a disulfide group, wherein an
 S-S bond of the disulfide group is cleaved by electrochemical reduction
 and reformed by electrochemical oxidation; and
 a plurality of carbon nanotubes being substantially disentangled and
 dispersed in the electrically conductive matrix;
 - (b) an anode having an active material for releasing lithium ions; and
 - (c) an electrolyte being disposed between the cathode and the anode.
- 18. A lithium battery of claim 17 wherein the cathode is substantially free of an aggregate of the carbon nanotubes.
- 20 19. A lithium battery of claim 17 further comprising:
 - (d) a cathode current collector contacting with the cathode; and
 - (e) an anode current collector contacting with the anode.
 - 20. A lithium battery of claim 19 wherein the cathode current collector, the cathode, the electrolyte, the anode, and the anode current collector have a layered structure and are laminated each other in this order.
 - 21. A lithium battery of claim 17 wherein the cathode has a thickness ranging from 5 to 500 micrometers.
 - 22. A lithium battery of claim 17 wherein the cathode has a thickness ranging from 10 to 100 micrometers.

5

10

15

20

25

30

- 23. A lithium battery of claim 19 wherein the cathode current collector has a sheet configuration.
- 24. A lithium battery of claim 19 wherein the cathode current collector comprises metallic foil.
- 25. A lithium battery of claim 17 wherein the carbon nanotubes have an average diameter of 3.5 to 200 nanometers and an average length of 0.1 to 500 micrometers.
- 26. A lithium battery of claim 17 wherein the cathode contains 0.5 to 6 percent by weight of the carbon nanotubes based on a sum of the electrically conductive matrix and the carbon nanotubes.
- 27. A lithium battery of claim 17 wherein the electrically conductive matrix contains an electrically conductive polymer and an organic compound having the disulfide group.
- 28. A lithium battery of claim 27 wherein the electrically conductive polymer comprises a polymer represented by a formula:

-[Ar-NH]_n-

wherein Ar is aryl, and n is an integer.

- 29. A lithium battery of claim 17 wherein the electrically conductive matrix contains an electrically conductive polymer having the disulfide group.
- 30. A lithium battery of claim 17, wherein the electrolyte comprises at least one of a solid electrolyte and a gel electrolyte.